

**Cálculo C - Lista 18**

**Transformada de Laplace (IV):**

**Função degrau unitária**

Faça um esboço do gráfico da função dada para  $t \geq 0$

1.  $tu(t-1)$
2.  $u(t-1) - 3u(t-4) - 4u(t-5)$
3.  $(t^2 - 4)u(t-4)$
4.  $\sin(t - \pi)u(t - \pi)$
5.  $t(u(t) - u(t-1)) + (u(t-1) - u(t-3)) + (u(t-3) - u(t-4))(4-t)$
6.  $u(t-1) - 2u(t-2) + 2u(t-3) - 2u(t-4) + \dots$

Represente as funções em termos da função degrau unitário e encontre a transformada de Laplace

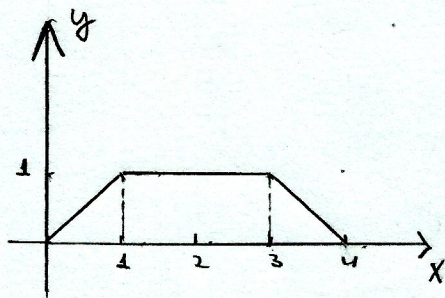
7.

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 3, & 0 < t < 2 \\ t+1, & 2 < t \end{cases}$$

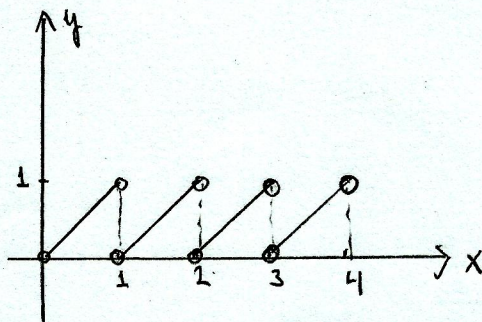
8.

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} \sin 3t, & 0 < t < \pi \\ 0, & \pi < t \end{cases}$$

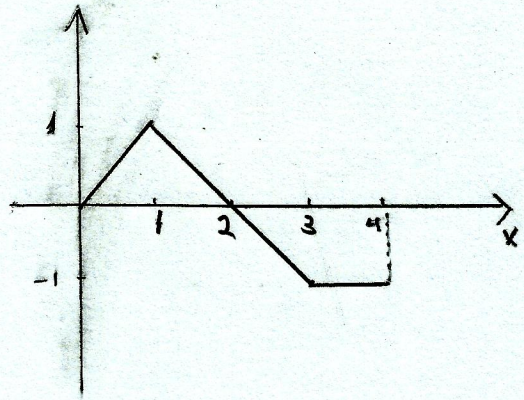
9.



10.



11.



Encontre a transformada de Laplace inversa das funções

12.  $\frac{e^{-4s} - e^{-s}}{s^3}$

13.  $\frac{e^{-3s}}{s^2 - 9}$

14.  $\frac{e^{-s}}{(s-1)(s-2)}$

15.  $\frac{e^{-s}}{(s+1)^3}$

16.  $\frac{(s-2)e^{-s}}{s^2 - 4s + 3}$

Encontre a transformada de Laplace das funções

17.  $t u(t-2)$

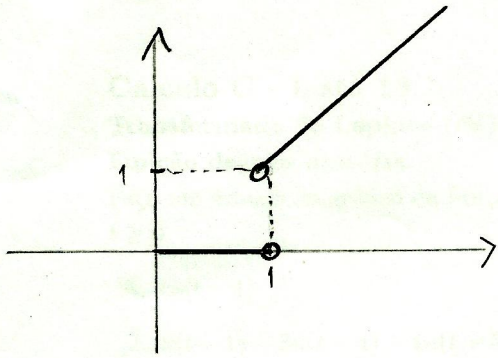
18.  $\cos t u(t - \pi)$

19.  $e^t u(t-3)$

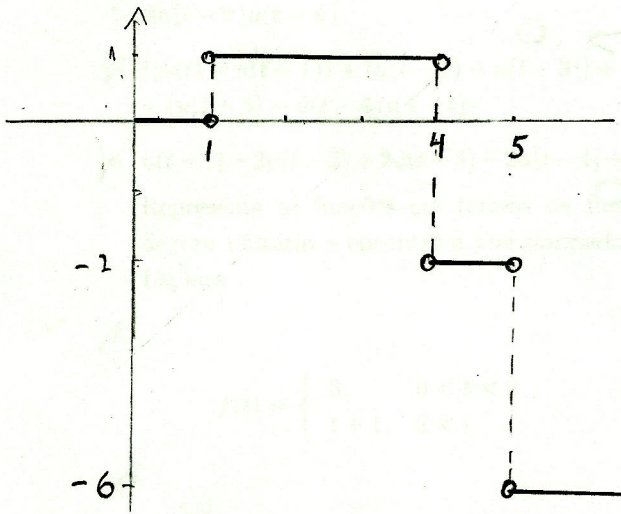
20.  $\sin t u(t - \pi/2)$

# Lista 18 - Respostas

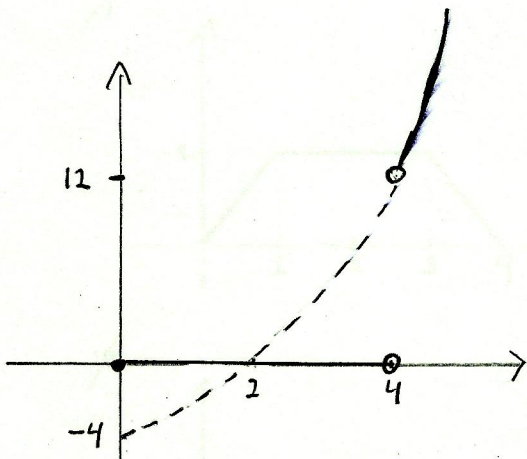
1.



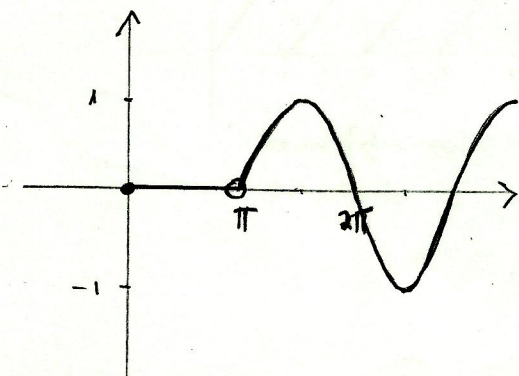
2.



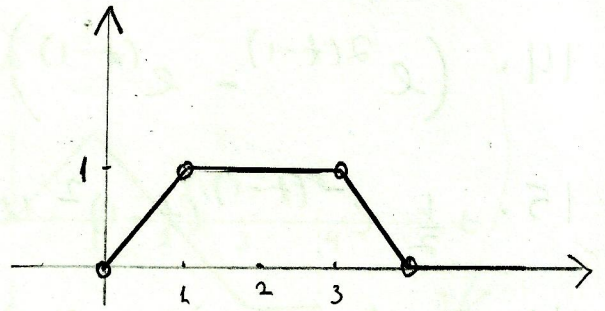
3.



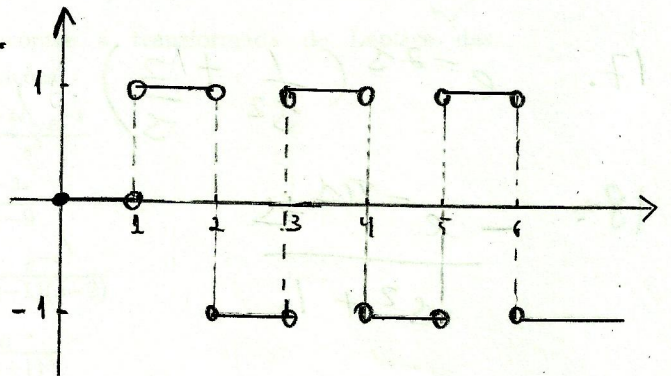
4.



5.



6.



$$7. \quad \frac{3}{s} + \frac{e^{-2s}}{s^2}$$

$$8. \quad \frac{3}{s^2 + 9} (1 + e^{-\pi s})$$

$$9. \quad \frac{1}{s^2} (1 - e^{-s} - e^{-3s} + e^{-4s})$$

$$10. \quad \frac{1}{s^2} - \frac{1}{s} (e^{-s} + e^{-2s} + e^{-3s} + \dots)$$

$$= \frac{1}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-s}}{s(1 - e^{-s})}$$

$$11. \quad \frac{1}{s^2} - 2 \frac{e^{-s}}{s^2} + \frac{e^{-3s}}{s^2} + \frac{e^{-4s}}{s}$$

$$12. \quad \frac{1}{2} (t-4)^2 \mathcal{U}(t-4) - \frac{1}{2} (t-1)^2 \mathcal{U}(t-1)$$

$$13. \frac{1}{3} \sinh 3(t-3) u(t-3)$$

$$14. (e^{2(t-1)} - e^{(t-1)}) u(t-1)$$

$$15. \frac{1}{2} e^{-(t-1)} (t-1)^2 u(t-1)$$

$$16. \frac{1}{2} [e^{3(t-1)} + e^{(t-1)}] u(t-1)$$

$$17. e^{-2s} \left( \frac{1}{s^2} + \frac{2}{s} \right), \quad s > 0$$

$$18. \frac{-e^{-\pi s}}{s^2 + 1}, \quad s > 0$$

$$19. \frac{e^{3-3s}}{s-1}, \quad s > 1$$

$$20. \frac{e^{-\frac{\pi s}{2}}}{s^2 + 1}, \quad s > 0$$