

Cálculo A

Limites de funções trigonométricas

Calcule os limites das funções dadas

1. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{\sin x}{x}$

2. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sin x}{x}$

3. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 3x}{x}$

4. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 5x}{\sin 2x}$

5. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sin \pi x}{\sin 3\pi x}$

6. $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(n \sin \frac{\pi}{n} \right)$

7. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2}$

8. $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{\sin x - \sin a}{x - a}$

9. $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{\cos x - \cos a}{x - a}$

10. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{\tan \pi x}{x + 2}$

11. $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(x+h) - \sin x}{h}$

12. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{\sin x - \cos x}{1 - \tan x}$

13. (a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x \sin \frac{1}{x}$

(b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x \sin \frac{1}{x}$

14. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} (1 - x) \tan \frac{\pi x}{2}$

15. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \cot 2x \cot \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x \right)$

16. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi} \frac{1 - \sin \frac{x}{2}}{\pi - x}$

17. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{1 - 2 \cos x}{\pi - 3x}$

18. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos mx - \cos nx}{x^2}$

19. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan x - \sin x}{x^3}$

$$20. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\arcsin x}{x}$$

$$21. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\arctan 2x}{\sin 3x}$$

$$22. \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1-x^2}{\sin \pi x}$$

$$23. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x - \sin 2x}{x + \sin 3x}$$

$$24. \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\cos \frac{\pi x}{2}}{1 - \sqrt{x}}$$

$$25. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \sqrt{\cos x}}{x^2}$$

$$26. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{1 + \sin x} - \sqrt{1 - \sin x}}{x}$$

Respostas:

$$1. \frac{\sin 2}{2} \quad 2. 0 \quad 3. 3 \quad 4. \frac{5}{2}$$

$$5. \frac{1}{3} \quad 6. \pi \quad 7. \frac{1}{2} \quad 8. \cos a$$

$$9. -\sin a \quad 10. \pi \quad 11. \cos x$$

$$12. -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \quad 13. (a) 0 \quad (b) 1 \quad 14. \frac{2}{\pi} \quad 15. \frac{1}{2}$$

$$16. 0 \quad 17. -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} \quad 18. \frac{1}{2}(n^2 - m^2) \quad 19. \frac{1}{2} \quad 20. 1 \quad 21. \frac{2}{3} \quad 22. \frac{2}{\pi}$$

$$23. -\frac{1}{4} \quad 24. \pi \quad 25. \frac{1}{4} \quad 26. 1$$

Limites de Funções Trigonométricas

$$1. \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{\sin x}{x} = \frac{\sin 2}{2}$$

$$2. \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sin x}{x} = \frac{1}{\infty} = 0$$

$$3. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 3x}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 3x}{3x} \cdot 3$$

$$= 3 \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 3x}{3x} = 3 //$$

$$4. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 5x}{\sin 2x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 5x}{5x} \cdot \frac{5x}{\sin 2x} \cdot \frac{2x}{2x}$$

$$= \frac{5}{2} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 5x}{5x} \cdot \frac{2x}{\sin 2x}$$

$$= \frac{5}{2} \frac{\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 5x}{5x}}{\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 2x}{2x}} = \frac{5}{2} //$$

$$5. \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sin \pi x}{\sin 3\pi x} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} 3\pi x = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} (2\pi x + \pi) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} 2\pi x \cos \pi x + \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \pi \cos 2\pi x$$

$$= 2 \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \pi x \cos \pi x \cos \pi x + \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \pi x (\cos^2 \pi x - \sin^2 \pi x)$$

$$= 2 \sin \pi x \cos^2 \pi x + \sin \pi x \cos^2 \pi x - \sin^3 \pi x$$

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$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} 3\pi x = 3 \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \pi x \cos^2 \pi x - \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \sin^3 \pi x$$

$$\Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sin \pi x}{\sin 3\pi x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sin \pi x}{3 \sin \pi x \cos^2 \pi x - \sin^3 \pi x}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1}{3 \cos^2 \pi x - \sin^2 \pi x}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3(-1)^2 - 0} = \frac{1}{3}$$

6. $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(n \sin \frac{\pi}{n} \right) = \infty \cdot 0$

Jika $x = \frac{\pi}{n}$, $n \rightarrow \infty$, $x \rightarrow 0$

Jadi,

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(n \sin \frac{\pi}{n} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\pi \sin x}{x}$$

$$= \pi \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x}$$

$$= \pi$$

$$7. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$1 - \cos x = 2 \sin^2 \frac{x}{2} \quad \left(\sin^2 x = \frac{1 - \cos 2x}{2} \right)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2 \sin^2 \frac{x}{2}}{x^2}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2 \sin^2 \frac{x}{2}}{\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 \cdot 4}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\sin \frac{x}{2}}{\frac{x}{2}} \right)^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin \frac{x}{2}}{\frac{x}{2}} \right)^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (1)^2 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$8. \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{\sin x - \sin a}{x - a} = \frac{0}{0}$$

Sejika $y = x - a$. $x \rightarrow a$, $y \rightarrow 0$

Dari,

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{\sin x - \sin a}{x - a} = \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(y+a) - \sin a}{y}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{\sin x - \sin a}{x - a} = \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(y+a) - \sin a}{y}$$

$$= \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin y \cos a + \sin a \cos y - \sin a}{y}$$

$$= \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\sin y \cos a - \sin a (1 - \cos y)}{y} \right)$$

$$= \left(\lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin y}{y} \right) \cos a - \sin a \left(\lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos y}{y} \right)$$

$$= 1 \cdot \cos a - \sin a \cdot 0 = \cos a$$

9. $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{\cos x - \cos a}{x - a} =$

$$y = x - a$$

$$x \rightarrow a, y \rightarrow 0$$

$$= \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos(y+a) - \cos a}{y}$$

$$= \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos y \cos a - \sin y \sin a - \cos a}{y}$$

$$= \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{-\cos a (1 - \cos y) - \sin y \sin a}{y} \right)$$

$$= -\cos a \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos y}{y} - \sin a \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin y}{y}$$

$$= -\cos a \cdot 0 - \sin a \cdot 1 = -\sin a$$

$$10. \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{\sqrt{x+2}}{x+2} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$y = x + 2 ; \quad x \rightarrow -2 \quad , \quad y \rightarrow 0$$

Ersetzt,

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{\sqrt{x+2}}{x+2} = \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{y}}{y}$$

$$= \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin \pi(y-2)}{y} \cdot \frac{1}{\cos \pi(y-2)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sin \pi(y-2) &= \sin(\pi y - 2\pi) \\ &= \sin \pi y \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cos \pi(y-2) &= \cos(\pi y - 2\pi) \\ &= \cos \pi y \end{aligned}$$

$$= \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin \pi y}{y} \cdot \frac{1}{\cos \pi y}$$

$$= \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin \pi y}{\pi y} \cdot \pi \cdot \frac{1}{\cos \pi y}$$

$$= \pi \cdot \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin \pi y}{\pi y} \cdot \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\cos \pi y}$$

$$= \pi //$$

$$11. \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(x+h) - \sin x}{h} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x \cos h + \sin h \cos x - \sin x}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-\sin x (1 - \cos h) + \sin h \cos x}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left(-\sin x \frac{(1 - \cos h)}{h} + \cos x \frac{\sin h}{h} \right)$$

$$= -\sin x \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos h}{h} + \cos x \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin h}{h}$$

$$= \cos x //$$

$$12. \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{\sin x - \cos x}{1 - \tan x} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{\sin x - \cos x}{1 - \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{\sin x - \cos x}{\cos x - \sin x}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{\sin x - \cos x}{\cos x - \sin x} \cos x$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{4}} (-\cos x) = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} //$$

13. a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (x \sin \frac{1}{x}) = 0 \cdot c \quad |c| \leq 1$

$= 0$

b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x \sin \frac{1}{x} = \infty \cdot 0$

$= \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\sin \frac{1}{x}}{\frac{1}{x}} \quad y = \frac{1}{x}; \quad x \rightarrow +\infty \quad y \rightarrow 0$

$= \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin y}{y} = 1$

14) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} (1-x) \operatorname{tg} \frac{\pi x}{2} = 0 \cdot \infty$

$y = 1-x; \quad x \rightarrow 1, \quad y \rightarrow 0$

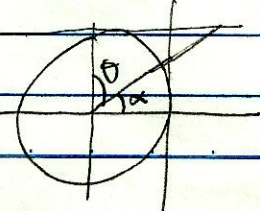
$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} (1-x) \operatorname{tg} \frac{\pi x}{2} = \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} y \operatorname{tg} \frac{\pi}{2} (1-y)$

$= \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} y \operatorname{tg} \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{\pi y}{2} \right)$

$\operatorname{tg} \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{\pi y}{2} \right) = \operatorname{ctg} \frac{\pi y}{2}$

$= \operatorname{ctg} \theta$

$= \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} y \frac{\cos \frac{\pi y}{2}}{\sin \frac{\pi y}{2}} =$



$\operatorname{tg} \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \theta \right) = \frac{\sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \theta \right)}{\cos \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \theta \right)} = \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta} = \operatorname{ctg} \theta$

$x = \frac{\pi}{2} - \theta$

$$= \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{y \cos \frac{\pi}{2} y}{\sin \frac{\pi}{2} y}$$

$$= \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos \frac{\pi}{2} y}{\frac{\sin \frac{\pi}{2} y}{y}} = \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos \frac{\pi}{2} y}{\frac{\pi y}{2}}$$

$$= \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{2}{\pi} \frac{\cos \frac{\pi}{2} y}{\frac{\sin \frac{\pi}{2} y}{\frac{\pi y}{2}}}$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi}$$

15. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \cos 2x \cos (\frac{\pi}{2} - x)$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \cos 2x \sin x = 0 \cdot 0$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos 2x - \sin^2 x}{\sin 2x} \cdot \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x}{2 \sin x \cos x} \cdot \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{2} \frac{\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{2} (1 - \sin^2 x)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}$$

$$16. \lim_{x \rightarrow \pi} \frac{1 - \sin \frac{x}{2}}{\pi - x} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$y = \pi - x \quad ; \quad x \rightarrow \pi \quad , \quad y \rightarrow 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi} \frac{1 - \sin \frac{x}{2}}{\pi - x} = \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \sin \frac{\pi - y}{2}}{y}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sin \frac{\pi - y}{2} &= \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{y}{2} \right) \\ &= \cos \frac{y}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos \frac{y}{2}}{y} \\ &= \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos \frac{y}{2}}{\frac{y}{2} \cdot 2} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos \frac{y}{2}}{\frac{y}{2}}$$

$$= 0 //$$

$$17. \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{1 - 2 \cos x}{\pi - 3x} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$y = \pi - 3x \quad ; \quad x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{3} \quad , \quad y \rightarrow 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{1 - 2 \cos x}{\pi - 3x} = \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - 2 \cos \frac{\pi - y}{3}}{y}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cos \left(\frac{\pi - y}{3} \right) &= \cos \left(\frac{\pi}{3} - \frac{y}{3} \right) \\ &= \cos \frac{\pi}{3} \cos \frac{y}{3} + \sin \frac{\pi}{3} \sin \frac{y}{3} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - 2 \cos \frac{\pi - \theta}{3}}{\theta}$$

$$= \lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \cos \frac{\theta}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \sin \frac{\theta}{3} \right)}{\theta}$$

$$= \lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos \frac{\theta}{3} - \sqrt{3} \sin \frac{\theta}{3}}{\theta}$$

$$= \lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{1 - \cos \frac{\theta}{3}}{\theta} - \sqrt{3} \frac{\sin \frac{\theta}{3}}{\theta} \right)$$

$$= \lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{1 - \cos \frac{\theta}{3}}{\frac{\theta}{3}} - \sqrt{3} \frac{\sin \frac{\theta}{3}}{\frac{\theta}{3}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos \frac{\theta}{3}}{\frac{\theta}{3}} - \sqrt{3} \lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin \frac{\theta}{3}}{\frac{\theta}{3}}$$

$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{=0} \qquad \underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_1$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

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$$18. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos mx - \cos nx}{x^2} = \frac{0}{0}$$

Fazemos

$$\begin{cases} m = a + b \\ n = a - b \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} a = \frac{1}{2}(m+n) \\ b = \frac{1}{2}(m-n) \end{cases}$$

Então

$$\begin{aligned} \cos mx - \cos nx &= \cos(a+b)x - \cos(a-b)x \\ &= \cos ax \cos bx - \sin ax \sin bx \\ &\quad - (\cos ax \cos bx + \sin ax \sin bx) \\ &= -2 \sin ax \sin bx \end{aligned}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos mx - \cos nx}{x^2} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-2 \sin ax \sin bx}{x^2}$$

$$= -2 \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin ax}{x} \frac{\sin bx}{x}$$

$$= -2 \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin ax}{ax \cdot \frac{1}{a}} \frac{\sin bx}{bx \cdot \frac{1}{b}}$$

$$= -2ab \underbrace{\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin ax}{ax}}_1 \underbrace{\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin bx}{bx}}_1$$

$$= -2ab = -2 \cdot \frac{1}{2}(m+n) \cdot \frac{1}{2}(m-n) = \frac{1}{2}(m^2 - n^2)$$

$$19. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan x - \sin x}{x^3} = \frac{0}{0}$$

seperti $x = 2y$; $x \rightarrow 0, y \rightarrow 0$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan x - \sin x}{x^3} = \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan 2y - \sin 2y}{8y^3}$$

$$= \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{\sin 2y}{\cos 2y} - 2 \sin y \cos y}{8y^3}$$

$$= \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{2 \sin y \cos y}{\cos^2 y - \sin^2 y} - 2 \sin y \cos y$$

$$= \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{2 \sin y \cos y (1 - \cos^2 y - \sin^2 y)}{8y^3}$$

$$= \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{2 \sin y \cos y (1 - \cos^2 y + \sin^2 y)}{8y^3}$$

$$= \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{2 \sin y \cos y (\sin^2 y + \sin^2 y)}{8y^3 (\cos^2 y - \sin^2 y)}$$

$$= \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{4 \sin^2 y \cos y}{8y^3 (\cos^2 y - \sin^2 y)} = \frac{1}{2} \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\sin y}{y} \right)^3 \frac{\cos y}{\cos^2 y - \sin^2 y}$$

$$20. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\arcsin x}{x} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$y = \arcsin x \Leftrightarrow x = \sin y$$

$$x \rightarrow 0 ; y \rightarrow 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\arcsin x}{x} = \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{y}{\sin y}$$

$$= \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\frac{\sin y}{y}} = \frac{1}{\lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin y}{y}} = 1$$

$$21. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\operatorname{arctg} 2x}{\sin 3x} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$\text{Seja } y = \operatorname{arctg} 2x \Leftrightarrow 2x = \operatorname{tg} y ; x \rightarrow 0, y \rightarrow 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\operatorname{arctg} 2x}{\sin 3x} = \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{y}{\sin\left(\frac{3}{2}\operatorname{tg} y\right)}$$

$$= \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{y}{\frac{\sin\left(\frac{3}{2}\operatorname{tg} y\right)}{\frac{3}{2}\operatorname{tg} y}}$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{y}{\operatorname{tg} y} = \frac{2}{3} \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 3\operatorname{tg} y}{\frac{3}{2}\operatorname{tg} y}$$

Mas,

$$\lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{y}{\tan y} = \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{y}{\frac{\sin y}{\cos y}} = \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos y}{\sin y} = 1$$

$$\lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin \frac{2}{3} y}{\frac{2}{3} y} = \lim_{z \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin z}{z} = 1$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \delta = \frac{2}{3} y \\ y \rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow z = 0 \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\therefore \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\arctan 2x}{\sin 3x} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$22. \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1-x^2}{\sin \pi x} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \sin \pi(x-1) = \sin \pi x \cos \pi - \sin \pi \cos \pi x \\ = -\sin \pi x \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1-x^2}{-\sin \pi(x-1)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(1-x)(1+x)}{-\sin \pi(x-1)}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x-1 = z \\ x \rightarrow 1, z \rightarrow 0 \end{array} \quad \Rightarrow \lim_{z \rightarrow 0} \frac{-z(z+2)}{-\sin \pi z}$$

$$= \lim_{z \rightarrow 0} \frac{z+2}{\frac{\sin \pi z}{z}} = \lim_{z \rightarrow 0} \frac{z+2}{\frac{\sin \pi z}{\pi z} \pi}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \lim_{z \rightarrow 0} \frac{z+2}{\frac{\sin \pi z}{\pi z}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{\lim_{z \rightarrow 0} (z+2)}{\lim_{z \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin \pi z}{\pi z}} = \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{2}{1} = \frac{2}{\pi}$$

$$23. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x - \sin 2x}{x + \sin 3x} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \frac{\sin 2x}{x}}{1 + \frac{\sin 3x}{x}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - 2 \frac{\sin 2x}{2x}}{1 + 3 \frac{\sin 3x}{3x}}$$

$$= \frac{\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 - 2 \frac{\sin 2x}{2x})}{\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 + 3 \frac{\sin 3x}{3x})} = \frac{1 - 2}{1 + 3} = -\frac{1}{4}$$

$$24. \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\cos \frac{\pi x}{2}}{1 - \sqrt{x}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{// } \sin \frac{\pi}{2} (x-1) &= \sin \frac{\pi}{2} x \overset{0}{\cancel{\cos \frac{\pi}{2}}} - \sin \frac{\pi}{2} \overset{0}{\cancel{\cos \frac{\pi}{2}}} x \\ &= -\cos \frac{\pi}{2} x \end{aligned}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\cos \frac{\pi x}{2}}{1 - \sqrt{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{-\sin \frac{\pi}{2} (x-1)}{1 - \sqrt{x}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Mos } (1-x) &= (1-\sqrt{x})(1+\sqrt{x}) \\ &\Leftrightarrow \\ (1-\sqrt{x}) &= \frac{1-x}{1+\sqrt{x}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{-\sin \frac{\pi}{2} (x-1)}{\frac{1-x}{1+\sqrt{x}}} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} (1+\sqrt{x}) \frac{\sin \frac{\pi}{2} (x-1)}{(x-1)} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} (1 + \sqrt{x}) \frac{\sin \frac{\pi}{2}(x-1)}{x-1}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} (1 + \sqrt{x}) \frac{\sin \frac{\pi}{2}(x-1)}{\frac{\pi}{2}(x-1) \cdot \frac{2}{\pi}}$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{2} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} (1 + \sqrt{x}) \frac{\sin \frac{\pi}{2}(x-1)}{\frac{\pi}{2}(x-1)}$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{2} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} (1 + \sqrt{x}) \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sin \frac{\pi}{2}(x-1)}{\frac{\pi}{2}(x-1)}$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{2} \cdot 2 \cdot 1 = \pi //$$

25. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \sqrt{\cos x}}{x^2} = \frac{0}{0}$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1 - \sqrt{\cos x})(1 + \sqrt{\cos x})}{x^2(1 + \sqrt{\cos x})}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2(1 + \sqrt{\cos x})} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2 \sin^2 \frac{x}{2}}{x^2(1 + \sqrt{\cos x})}$$

$$\frac{\sin^2 x}{2} = \frac{1 - \cos 2x}{2}$$

$$2 \sin^2 \frac{x}{2} = 1 - \cos x$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} 2 \frac{\sin^2 \frac{x}{2}}{\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2} \frac{1}{1 + \sqrt{\cos x}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\sin \frac{x}{2}}{\frac{x}{2}} \right)^2 \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{1 + \sqrt{\cos x}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} //$$

$$26. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{1+\sin x} - \sqrt{1-\sin x}}{x}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(\sqrt{1+\sin x} - \sqrt{1-\sin x})(\sqrt{1+\sin x} + \sqrt{1-\sin x})}{x(\sqrt{1+\sin x} + \sqrt{1-\sin x})}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cancel{x+\sin x} - \cancel{x+\sin x}}{x(\sqrt{1+\sin x} + \sqrt{1-\sin x})}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2 \sin x}{x} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\sin x} + \sqrt{1-\sin x}}$$

$$= 2 \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} \cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\sin x} + \sqrt{1-\sin x}}$$

$$= 2 \cdot 1 \cdot \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= 1 //$$